

# Tax. Stats.

**TAX YEAR 2023/2024** 



## Ordinary income tax rates

	Bands *	Rate	Tax on band
Personal allowance	Up to £12,570 †	0%	02
Basic rate	Up to £37,700	20%	£7,500
Higher rate	£37,701 – £125,140	40%	£45,000
Additional rate	Over £125,140	45%	

<sup>\*</sup> Assumes not subject to the Scottish or Welsh rates of income tax.

The personal allowance and the basic rate limit will be frozen at £12,570 and £37,700 until April 2028.



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# Specific categories of income: income tax on investment income

#### **Dividends**

Dividend allowance	0% on first £1,000*
Basic rate	8.75%
Higher rate	33.75%
Additional rate	39.35%

<sup>\*</sup> Reducing to £500 from 6 April 2024

#### **Investment Income**

Higher rate 0% tax on income	first £500 of savings
Additional rate No person	al savings allowance
Tax rates Ordinary in apply (page	ncome tax rates ge 1)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> The personal allowance decreases for income over £100,000 (£1 less for every £2 over £100,000): those with an income over £125,140 have no personal allowance. The effective income tax rate for earnings between £100,000 and £125,140 is therefore 60%.

# Specific categories of income: income tax on earned income

## **Employment income (including directors' fees)**

Tax rates	Ordinary income tax rates apply (page 1) Employer and employee national insurance contributions (NICs) are also due (page 4)
Comment	Income tax / employee NICs typically deductible from salary by the employer and accounted for by it on a monthly basis under the UK's PAYE (pay as you earn) system

## Trading income (for self-employed individuals)

Tax rates	Ordinary income tax rates apply (page 1) Self-employed NICs contributions also due (page 4)
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# Selected national insurance contributions (NICs) rates and apprenticeship levy

Individuals		Employers	
Employee Earnings (Class 1)	Weekly earnings of £242.01 – £967: <b>10%</b> Weekly earnings over £967: <b>2%</b>	Employer NICs	Weekly earnings over £175: <b>13.8%</b> Deductible against corporation tax
Self- employed individuals (Class 4)	Annual profits of £12,570 - £50,270: 9%*  Annual profits over £50,270: 2%  *Reducing to 8% from 6 April 2024	Employee Benefits in kind (Class 1A)	<b>13.8%</b> on most benefits-in-kind that are subject to income tax
	Not applicable	Apprenticeship levy	Employers with an annual pay bill in excess of £3m:  0.5% levy on the bill.  Deductible allowance of £15,000

# Capital gains tax (CGT)

## Annual exempt amount

Individuals	£6,000*	Most trustees	£3,000**
*Reducing to £3,000 from 6 April 2024		**Reducing to £1,50	0 from 6 April 2024

#### **CGT rates**

Basic rate taxpayers	10% where total taxable income and gains are within the basic rate upper limit (£37,700)	
Higher and additional rate taxpayers	20% to the extent that taxable income and gains are above the basic rate upper limit (£37,700)	
Gains on disposals of chargeable residential property and receipts of carried interest	18% (basic rate taxpayers)  28% (higher and additional rate taxpayers)	Nb: take care carried interest (and co-investment) returns can potentially be taxed as trading income under the DIMF and income based carried interest rules

## **Specific reliefs**

Business asset disposal relief*	10% on first £1,000,000 of lifetime gains
Investors' relief	10% on first £10,000,000 of lifetime gains
Historic employee shareholders only – ESS status now withdrawn	CGT exemption on disposal of qualifying shares for arrangements entered into before 17 March 2016. (Transitional rules apply from 17 March – before 1 December 2016)

<sup>\*</sup> Previously known as Entrepreneurs' Relief

# **Primary business taxes**

## **Corporation tax**

	Main rate: 25%		
Tax rates	Small profits rate: 19%	Companies with profits up to £50,000°	
	Marginal relief	Companies with profits between £50,000 and £250,000*	
Comments		e (electronically) within 9 months of the accounting period	
	Large companies (profits exceeding £1.5m) payable in 4 instalments based on estimated liability		
		icipation regime that can result ns on disposal of holdings in	
	Exemption often availab	le from corporation tax on	

<sup>\*</sup>Thresholds reduced by reference to number of associated companies

#### **VAT**

	Rate	Comment
Standard rate	20%	
Reduced rate	5%	Limited goods and services including power for domestic and non-business charity use; certain residential conversions and renovations
VAT registration threshold	£85,000	
VAT deregistration threshold	£83,000	

# Non-residents (subject to applicable Double Tax Treaties)

Source	Rate	Comments
Dividends	0%	Care: special rules apply to non- resident trustees
UK-source annual payments and royalties	Tax due only if collected through 20% WHT	
UK rent	May be 20% WHT	Income tax rates of up to 45%. Rent received by non-resident corporates subject to corporation tax at 25% for 2023–24
UK trading income	Only if trade in the UK (typically through a permanent establishment)	
UK CGT	No, unless sale of UK land or of a vehicle that is UK land rich	
UK source employment income and directors' fees	See pages 3 and 4	Certain exemptions may be available for short-term business visitors or short-term secondments to the UK

# Withholding taxes (WHT)

Dovernment	Datell
Payment	Detail
UK-source interest	WHT at 20% (subject to a number of exceptions) unless double tax treaty relief is available and HMRC authorises a gross payment
Dividend from UK company	No withholding (special rates apply for distributions from certain property funds)
Royalty payment from UK company for UK source IP	Likely to be WHT at 20%, subject to double tax treaty relief or other exemption
UK-source rental payment	Non-residents receiving UK rent will be subject to 20% WHT under the Non-Resident Landlord Scheme unless approved for gross payment
UK-annual payments	May be 20% WHT: care needed especially on investment fund management fee rebates

# **Stamp Taxes**

Тах	Detail	
Stamp duty and SDRT	0.5% of consideration on transfers of shares, stock and marketable securities, as well as partnership interests in certain circumstances	
Stamp duty land tax	Payable on residential and commercial UK land transactions. The rate depends on the value of the transaction, the legal nature of the buyer and wheth exemptions or reliefs are available	

# Selected employee share plans

Plan	Maximum participation	Tax treatment	Reporting obligations
EMI (tax advantaged)	£250,000	CGT if qualifying exercise (business asset disposal relief* available)	Online registration, reporting and notification requirements apply
Long-Term Incentive Plan (non-tax advantaged)	Not applicable	Income tax and, possibly, employee and employer NIC on gain	Annual returns must be filed electronically by 6 July after the tax year end

<sup>\*</sup> Previously known as Entrepreneurs' Relief

# Selected tax reliefs for individuals

Individual savings account (ISA)	Maximum total investment	£20,000
	Benefit	Tax free income and gains for amounts within ISA
Pension Savings	Annual allowance	£60,000 of taxable earnings but tapered down to £10,000 for those with high income*
	Lifetime allowance (maximum pension pot)	£1,073,100 for most people (but now relevant only for very limited purposes)

<sup>\*</sup>There is a 3-year "carry forward" for unused annual allowances; a £10,000 "money purchase annual allowance" applies to those who have accessed pension using a flexible option (e.g. drawdown)

#### Loans

To employees	Income tax on the difference between interest paid and HMRC's official rate of interest (2.25% from 6 April 2023), unless total employer loans are less than £10,000.
To employees from third parties	Care needed to ensure that anti-avoidance rules ("disguised remuneration") do not apply to tax the loan as employment income.
To self-employed individuals from third parties	Care needed to ensure that anti-avoidance rules ("self-employed disguised remuneration") do not apply to tax the loan as trading income.
To investment managers	Depending on fact pattern, may be taxed as trading income under the disguised investment management fee (DIMF) rules.
By a UK close company to a "participator"	Complex rules imposing a corporation tax charge of 33.75% on loans made by a close company to a participator (broadly, someone with an interest in the company's voting, capital or income). These rules only apply to UK companies.



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